

CSI 769 Fall 2010
Solar and Heliospheric Physics

Homework Assignment 4

Assignment Date: Oct. 14, 2010

Due Date: Oct. 21, 2010

1. Magnetic Reynolds Number, Diffusivity and Diffusion Time Scale

(1) Consider a sunspot in the photosphere, which has a temperature of 5700 K, density of 10^{21} m^{-3} , characteristic size of 10^4 km , and characteristic velocity of 2 km/s. You are asked to calculate the magnetic diffusivity η , magnetic Reynolds number R_m , and diffusion time scale τ_d .

(2) Do the same calculation for coronal magnetic field, which has a temperature of 10^6 K , density of 10^{15} m^{-3} , characteristic size of 10^4 km , and characteristic velocity of 10 km/s.

Note: the diffusivity formula is given in Eq. 1.13 in PF book.

2. 1-D Magnetic Diffusion Model

Consider the dynamic evolution of the following 1-D magnetic diffusion model:

$$\frac{\partial B(x,t)}{\partial t} = \eta \frac{\partial^2 B(x,t)}{\partial x^2}$$

(1) Prove that the following function is the correct solution of the model. (You are asked to prove the solution, not derive the solution)

$$B(x,t) = \frac{2B_0}{\sqrt{\pi}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{4\eta t}}\right)$$

(2) Derive the function of electric current density $j(x, t)$ from the above $B(x, t)$.

(3) Assuming in the corona $\eta = 1 \text{ m}^2\text{s}^{-1}$ and $B_0=500 \text{ G}$, draw the distribution function $B(x, t)$ versus x at $t=0$, $t=10 \text{ s}$, and $t=100 \text{ s}$, respectively.

(4) Assuming the same corona, draw the distribution function of $j(x,t)$ versus x at $t=0$, $t=10\text{s}$, and $t=100 \text{ s}$, respectively.